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APPLICATION NO. ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. **FILING DATE** CONFIRMATION NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR 09/899,334 Johan Ubby 07/05/2001 1931/62303 2617 7590 03/24/2004 **EXAMINER** RICHARD F. JAWORSKI FIGUEROA, FELIX O Cooper & Dunham LLP **ART UNIT** 1185 Avenue of the Americas **PAPER NUMBER** New York, NY 10036 2833

DATE MAILED: 03/24/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<i>I</i>
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	09/899,334	UBBY ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Felix O. Figueroa	2833
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. I.136(a). In no event, however, may a resply within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON ute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1)	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matte	
Disposition of Claims		
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-29,39,40 and 43-45 is/are pendin 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1-29,39,40 and 43-45 is/are rejecte 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and</li> </ul>	rawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on <u>09 October 2001</u> is/an Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction.  11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	re: a) accepted or b) one drawing (s) be held in abeyand action is required if the drawing (	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the praphication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. Ents have been received in Actionity documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	· ——	Summary (PTO-413)
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>		s)/Mail Date  Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on January 7, 2004 has been entered.

#### **Drawings**

The drawings are objected to because they have elements shown in cross section which are not properly crosshatched. Insulating members shown in cross section should be properly crosshatched. See for example member 12 in Figure 2A. It is brought to applicant's attention that the conventional crosshatch for insulating members shown in cross section consist of lines of two different thicknesses alternatively disposed.



Applicant is required to submit a proposed drawing correction in reply to this

Office action. However, formal correction of the noted defect may be deferred until after
the examiner has considered the proposed drawing correction. Failure to timely submit
the proposed drawing correction will result in the abandonment of the application.

### Claim Rejections

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7-11, 13, 14, 16-22, 24, 25, 27-29, 39, 40, 43, 44 and 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kruppenbach et al. (US 3,923,121).

Kruppenbach discloses a monitoring cable comprising: a connector (52); a cable / plurality (two cables) of respective cables (12) including a plurality of individual wires (56) each extending substantially an entire length of the cable, the cable having a first end attached to the connector and a distal end; and a plurality of electrodes / electrode connectors (14) each connected to a respective one of the plurality of individual wires and positioned at various points along the cable.

Specifically on claims 19, 20, 39 and 40, please note that Kruppenbach teaches a plurality of cables, specifically two (sequentially connected with each other), having and end terminating at the connector (52 on left side of Fig.2).

Regarding claims 2, 11 and 22, Kruppenbach also discloses each of the plurality of individual wires comprising a single strand wire.

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Regarding claims 4, 13 and 24, Kruppenbach teaches the electrodes are integrally formed in the cable (col. 3 line 39-41).

Regarding claims 5, 14 and 25, Kruppenbach also teaches resistive elements (80) positioned between a respective electrode and a respective one of the plurality of wires.

Regarding claims 7, 16 and 27, Kruppenbach shows the cable being substantially circular in cross section.

Regarding claims 8, 17 and 28, Kruppenbach inherently discloses the individual wires being electrically insulated from each other.

Regarding claims 9, 18 and 29, Kruppenbach also shows an interface connector (52) provided at one end of the cable and including a plurality of contact points connected to a respective one of the individual wires.

Claims 3, 12 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kruppenbach in view of Hart et al. (US 3,325,765).

Kruppenbach discloses substantially the claimed invention except for the single strand wires instead of the multi-strand wires. Hart shows that a multi-strand wire is an equivalent structure known in the art for single strand wire. Therefore, because these two wires were art-recognized equivalents at the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious the substitution of single strand wires for multi-strand wires to complete the electrical connection.

Claims 6, 15 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kruppenbach in view of Poon (US 5,601,448).

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Kruppenbach discloses substantially the claimed invention except for a circular cable instead of flat cable. Poon shows that a flat ribbon cable is an equivalent structure known in the art for a circular cable. Therefore, because these two cables were art-recognized equivalents at the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious the substitution of a circular cable for flat ribbon cable to carry the plurality of individual wires.

# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed January 7, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to Applicant's arguments that Kruppenbach does not teach or suggest "a plurality of electrodes that are each electrically connected to a respective one of the plurality of individual wires" because Kruppenbach "it appears that the geophones for [that] one section would be electrically interconnected to produce one channel of information (Column 3, lines 42-45)" please note that Kruppenbach discloses (in col. 4 lines 23-25 and 29-32) that the electrodes (14) are electrically connected to a respective one of the plurality of wires (56) by means of wires 80. Furthermore, it is noted that the fact that geophones produce one channel of information does not preclude each electrode from being connected to a respective wire.

### **Conclusion**

This is an RCE of applicant's earlier Application No. 09/899,334. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had

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been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Felix O. Figueroa whose telephone number is (571) 272-2003. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri., 10:00am-6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paula A. Bradley can be reached on (571) 272-2800 Ext. 33. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Jan O. Ogte

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